The Plastic Busters MPAs local experiences on monitoring in the National Marine Park of Zakynthos

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National Marine Park of Zakynthos



Marine area: 89 km² Terrestrial area: 14.2 km²

Facts

Priority species and habitats 92/43/EU: sea turtles, monk seal, seabirds, cetaceans, Posidonia beds

+15 Endangered or protected species / critical habitats for reproduction of endangered species at Mediterranean level

High recreational and tourism pressure





Implementation of monitoring protocols







Beach litter

1400

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

0

6000

5000

4000

3000

2000

1000

0



5%



MPA beach top 10 items





10%

Polyethylene Polypropylene Polystyrene Polvester Nylon Other Interreg Mediterranean PLASTIC BUSTERS **MPAs**



Seafloor litter



MPAs



Micro-litter abundance: 1.56 to 78.81 items per kg of dry sediment

Microplastics and their effects in commercial



Plastic additives





species

Microplastic ingestion



Mussels: 0.40 ± 0.08 items per individual up to 2 items per individual

Sea urchins: 0.18 ± 0.07 items per individual up to 1 item per individual





Fish species: 0.44 ± 0.04 items per individual up to 3 items per individual

Mytilus galloprovincialis



1000

800

200

0



Mullus surmuletus



Marine litter in endangered species





0.25

0,2 0,15

ā0, '

300

Micro litter

Samples	Type of particle			Particles
	Filament	Fragment	Sphere	identified
A1	13	3	0	6
A2	22	0	0	16
A3	28	0	0	20
F1	6	1	1	4
F2	12	1	0	7
F3	9	2	0	6
F4	6	18	0	21
M1	6	0	0	2
M2	14	3	0	5
M3*	15	3	0	2
Sw1	15	1	0	6
Sw2	22	6	0	9

in collaboration with Archipelagos



Macro litter



100 1100 1500 1900 2300 2700 3100 3500 3900 Wavenumber (m-1)



17% of sea turtles examined (N=6) found with ingested litter Average number of items/individual: 0.17



Overview of marine litter status in Zakynthos island



	Macro litter density /micro litter abundance	
Beach macro-litter	Exceeds EU threshold and baseline value, comparable to reported values in Greek and Mediterranean waters	
Beach micro-litter	Comparable to reported values in Greek and Mediterranean waters	
Floating macro-litter	Comparable to reported values in Mediterranean waters	
Floating micro-litter	Comparable to reported values in Greek and Mediterranean waters	
Seafloor macro-litter	Lower than reported values in Greek and Mediterranean waters	
Micro-litter in commercial species	In the low range of reported values in Greek and Mediterranean waters	
Marine litter in endangered species	In the low range of reported values in Greek and Mediterranean waters	



Marine litter sources in Zakynthos island



PLASTIC BUSTERS

MPAs



Lessons learned



- The implementation of the Plastic Busters MPAs monitoring protocol provided knew knowledge on the amount, composition and sources of marine litter in the National Marine Park of Zakynthos and adjacent area, as well as, on the amount of litter and micro-litter ingested by resident marine animals, and allowed investigation of potential impacts on their health
- Collaboration between scientists and MPA managers was essential for pilot monitoring in the MPA
- Carrying capacity of the MPA management authority increased (know how, man power, equipment use)
- Outputs can be transferred to MPA management design and mitigation actions
- Replicability is feasible through the joint efforts of MPA managers and scientists





Thank you

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www.plasticbustersmpas.interreg-med.eu



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